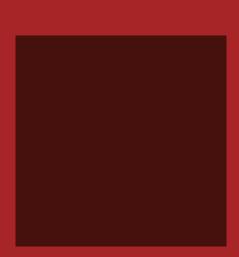
About the Ritsumeikan Academy

2024-25







Ritsumeikan University

Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University

Ritsumeikan Junior High School / Ritsumeikan Senior High School

Ritsumeikan Uji Junior High School / Ritsumeikan Uji Senior High School

Ritsumeikan Keisho Junior High School / Ritsumeikan Keisho Senior High School

Ritsumeikan Moriyama Junior High School / Ritsumeikan Moriyama Senior High School

Ritsumeikan Primary School



The History of Ritsumeikan

The Founding Spirit and Educational Philosophy of Ritsumeikan

The history of Ritsumeikan dates back to 1869 when Prince Kinmochi Saionji, an eminent international statesman of modern Japan, founded "Ritsumeikan" as a private academy on the site of the Kyoto Imperial Palace. In 1900, Kojuro Nakagawa, former secretary of Prince Saionji, established Kyoto Hosei School (Kyoto School of Law and Politics), an evening law school that was open to working people. This school formally adopted the name Ritsumeikan in 1913 and was finally given the status of a university in 1922.

The school spirit of liberalism and internationalism advocated by Prince Saionji was combined with the ideals of academic freedom and vivacity pursued by Kojuro Nakagawa, and became a tradition of the university. This tradition also survived the intense suppression of the prewar days, as evidenced by the fact that Ritsumeikan University accepted seventeen professors who were forced by the government to leave Kyoto Imperial University (present-day Kyoto University) for their pacifist activities.

After World War II, Ritsumeikan adopted the educational philosophy of peace and democracy, faithful to the spirit of the Japanese Constitution and the Education Fundamental Law. In 1948, Ritsumeikan became one of the first Japanese universities to be reorganized under the new education system. Ritsumeikan carried out extensive reforms to ensure democratic administration of the university to better serve society as an educational







Kojuro Nakagawa

institution open to the public.

In the 1990s, in response to the changes leading to a globalized information society, each faculty went through curriculum revisions to accommodate the changing global complexities and innovations affecting higher education. One significant part of these changes was the introduction of the international education programs such as the Five-Week Intercultural Programs; the One-Year Program; Ritsumeikan-UBC (the University of British Columbia) Academic Immersion Program; and the Dual Undergraduate Degree Program / Dual Masters Degree Program

Ritsumeikan Timeline

1869	Prince Kinmochi Saionji founds the private academy "Ritsumeikan" on the site of the Kyoto Imperial Palace
1900	Kojuro Nakagawa, former secretary of Prince Saionji, establishes the Kyoto Hosei School
1913	The school adopts the name "Ritsumeikan"
1922	The school name officially changes to Ritsumeikan University
1945	President Hiroshi Suekawa introduces a series of democratic reforms, including the Plenary Council and Presidential Election System
1965	Kinugasa Campus is established in Kyoto City's Kita Ward
1994	Biwako-Kusatsu Campus (BKC) is established in Kusatsu City, Shiga Prefecture / Uji Academy is merged with Ritsumeikan Uji Junior and Senior High School
1995	Keisho Academy is merged with Ritsumeikan Keisho Junior and Senior High School
2000	Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University is established in Beppu City, Oita Prefecture
2004	Ritsumeikan University School of Law is established at Kinugasa Campus

2005	Ritsumeikan University Graduate School of Technology Management is established at BKC
2006	Suzaku Campus is established in Kyoto City's Nakagyo Ward / Ritsumeikan Moriyama Senior High School is established in Moriyama City, Shiga Prefecture / Ritsumeikan Primary School is established in Kyoto's Kita Ward / Graduate School of Management is established at Suzaku Campus
2007	College of Image Arts and Sciences is established / Ritsumeikan Moriyama Junior High School is established in Moriyama City, Shiga Prefecture / Graduate School of Public Policy is established at Suzaku Campus / In College of Social Sciences, Department of Social Sciences, and Department of Human Welfare are combined to form Department of Social Sciences / Tokyo Campus is established
2008	Colleges of Life Sciences and Pharmaceutical Sciences are established
2009	The Kyoto Studies Program and the Language and Communication Program are established in College of Letters
2010	College of Sport and Health Science and Graduate school of Sport and Health Science are established
2011	Global Studies Major is established in College of International Relations / Graduate School of Image Arts and Sciences is established

with American University. As a result of these programs and the extensive global network Ritsumeikan has developed, the university now has one of the largest international student bodies in western Japan, offering numerous invaluable overseas study opportunities to its students.

Today, Ritsumeikan University offers a wide range of courses in advanced studies at Kinugasa Campus in Kyoto, Biwako-Kusatsu Campus (BKC) in Shiga, and Osaka Ibaraki Campus (OIC) in Osaka. The year 2025 will mark the 155th anniversary of the founding of Ritsumeikan private school and the 125th anniversary of the establishment of Ritsumeikan University. Previously, to commemorate the 100th anniversary, Ritsumeikan opened an

international educational institution, Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University (APU), in Oita Prefecture in April 2000. The addition of APU has given new momentum to Ritsumeikan as it continues to adhere to its founding spirit into the 21st century. To date, the Ritsumeikan Trust has evolved into a comprehensive educational institution consisting of two universities, four senior high schools, four junior high schools, and one primary school.

Ritsumeikan Anniversary Site





The Origins of the Name "Ritsumeikan"

The word ritsumei comes from a passage in the Jinxin chapter of the Discourses of Mencius. This passage states that:

"Some die young, as some live long lives. This is decided by fate. Therefore, one's duty consists of cultivating one's mind during this mortal span and thereby establishing one's destiny."



2012	Graduate Schools of Information Science and Engineering and Life Sciences are established / In College of Science and Engineering, Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering and Department of Photonics are combined to form Department of Electrical and Electronic Engineering / Department of VLSI System Design changes its name to Department of Electronic and Computer Engineering / Department of Mechanical Engineering and Department of Micro System Technology are combined to form Department of Mechanical Engineering / In College of Letters, 14 majors and programs are combined and 8 programs and 18 majors are established
2013	Community and Regional Policy Studies Major is established in College of Policy Science / Dalian University of Technology-Ritsumeikan University International School of Information Science and Engineering is established
2014	Graduate School of Pharmacy is established / Major in Informatics of Behavior and Cultures is established in Graduate School of Letters and the system of 2 majors with 15 specialized courses is established / Ritsumeikan Junior and Senior High School moves from Fukakusa Campus to Nagaokakyo Campus
2015	Osaka Ibaraki Campus (OIC) is established in Ibaraki City, Osaka Prefecture / College of Business Administration, College of Policy Science, Graduate School of Business Administration, Graduate School of Policy Science, Graduate School of Technology Management, and Graduate School of Management are moved to OIC / Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences is established in College of Pharmaceutical Sciences

2016	College of Comprehensive Psychology is established / Hirai Kaichiro Memorial Library is opened
2017	Graduate School of Professional Teacher Education is established / In College of Information Science and Engineering, Information Science and Engineering course is established to form seven courses in one college / College of Economics is reorganized to form two majors in one department
2018	College of Gastronomy Management is established / American University-Ritsumeikan University Joint Degree Program is established in College of International Relations / Graduate School of Science for Human Services is reorganized / Graduate School of Human Science is established
2019	College of Global Liberal Arts is established
2020	Major in Pharmaceutical Sciences in the Graduate School of Pharmacy is established (Master's Program)
2021	Graduate School of Gastronomy Management is established
2023	College of Sustainability and Tourism is established at Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University
2024	College of Image Arts and Sciences, Graduate School of Image Arts, College of Information Science and Engineering, and Graduate School of Information Science and Engineering are moved to OIC

Academy Overview

The Founding Spirit and Educational Ideals of the Ritsumeikan Academy

The Ritsumeikan Academy was founded in 1900 as the Kyoto Hosei School (Kyoto School of Law and Politics), an evening law school open to working people. The school was founded by Kojuro Nakagawa, former secretary to Prince Kinmochi Saionji, liberal statesman of late 19th and early 20th Century Japan. With Saionji's blessing, the name was changed to Ritsumeikan Private University in 1913. The university established itself upon the spirit of "freedom and innovation" and set "peace and democracy" as its core educational philosophy.

The Ritsumeikan Academy has now become an integrated academy with a rich culture of individuality and international awareness accommodating a total of approximately 50,000 students. The current Ritsumeikan Academy has campuses in Hokkaido, Shiga, Kyoto, Osaka, and Oita and encompasses two universities, four high schools, four junior high schools, and one primary school. Since Ritsumeikan's establishment, approximately 440,000 students have graduated from Ritsumeikan University and 20,000 from Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University (APU).

The Ritsumeikan Academy fosters learning and the development of individual talents in order to nurture just and ethical global citizens.

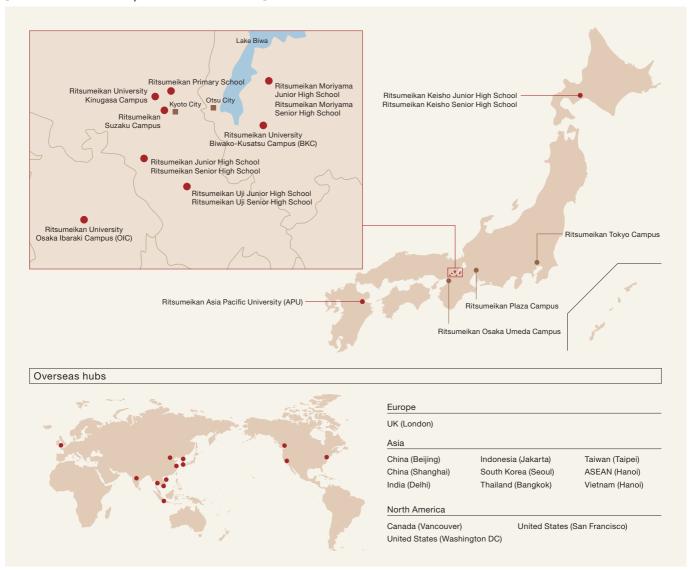


Tomomi Morishima Chairperson of the Board of Trustees The Ritsumeikan Trust



Yoshio Nakatani Ph.D. Chancellor of The Ritsumeikan Trust President of Ritsumeikan University

[Ritsumeikan Academy Member Institutions]



Basic Data of the Ritsumeikan Academy

The Ritsumeikan Academy

Tradition

Ritsumeikan traces its history back to 1869 when Prince Saionji founded a private academy of the same name.

founding

Years since the establishment of the Academy

Overseas hubs

UK (London) (Beijing, Shanghai) Taiwan (Taipei)

Thailand (Bangkok) India (Delhi)

ASEAN & Vietnam (Hanoi) Indonesia (Jakarta) South Korea (Seoul) Canada (Vancouver) United States (Washington DC, San Francisco)

No. of schools

Universities and schools in the Academy

Universities

Junior/Senior High Schools

Primary School

Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University

Accreditations

APU is internationally accredited in the fields of management and tourism studies







No. of international partner institutions (as of May 1, 2024)

No. of countries & regions represented by the international student body

student ratio (AY2024)

Percentage of domestic students from the Kanto region (AY2024)

47.6% 26.8%

THE Japan University Rankings 2023

Environment

Overall rank*

(6 years running)

Alumni Association Chapters

(28 countries & regions)

*private universities in Western Japan

Affiliated Schools

Accreditations and Designations









Ritsumeikan Uii

Ritsumeikan Uii

Ritsumeikan Senior High School Ritsumeikan Keisho Senior High School Ritsumeikan Moriyama Senior High School

Ritsumeikan Keisho

No. of foreign partner schools (as of April 1, 2024)

Primary School Nagaokakyo

Moriyama

Rate of internal advancement from high school

Ritsumeikan University

No. of students (as of May 01, 2024)

Undergraduate students

Graduate students

4,144

No. of colleges & graduate schools

graduate

Percentage of applicants from outside the Kinki region

No. of alumni and Alumni Association chapters

Alumni 410,000 Prefectural 52

No. of international student intake (as of May 1, 2024)

No. of international partner institutions

QS World University Rankings 2025

Among private universities



THE Impact Rankings 2024

Among private universities



SDG 1

in Japan



THE Japan University Rankings 2023

Among private universities



Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (AY2023)

Amount

among private th universities

among private

Ritsumeikan Advanced Research Academy

No. of fellows appointed to raise the level of research

Associate Fellows 22

No. of research hubs

Research Organizations

Research Institutes Research Centers

4th Mid-Term Plan for Research Advancement

25 programs supported with an internal budget of approx. 2.3 billion yen

25programs approx. 2.3billion yen

No. of students passing the national civil servant examination for career $track\ positions\ {\scriptstyle (2024\ Spring\ exam)}$

🚺 3rd in Japan Source: National Personnel Authority No. of students passing the CPA Examination (AY2023)

O 9th in Japan Source: Mitakai survey of CPAs

No. of university-launched ventures (AY2023)

10th in Japan (4th among private universities)

No. of International faculty (AY2023)

152 2nd in Japan

No. of female faculty (AY2023)

5th in Japan

Futurize.

You determine the future.

What is the future?
The future is uncertainty. There are no right answers.
Therefore, YOU can create it yourself.

History can be altered by the will of a single individual.

That individual could be YOU.

All that you dream, everything that inspires and challenges you, helps shape the future.

Here is where knowledge and society intersect.
... where individuals interact with others, and everyone benefits.
The unknown world beckons, and pathways to the future open up.
Now, come meet the YOU you've never known!

The world as we see it may seem unpredictable, but together we can see it as something different.

Regardless of how difficult your individual path may be, you have someone here who will encourage you, and cheer you on.

Do not falter, do not fear.

The future is yours.

About the tagline

■ Primary slogan: Futurize.

As we approach the year 2030, the world will change at an increasingly rapid pace and become more unpredictable than ever before. There will be no right answers. What we need in times like these is a commitment to the future. At Ritsumeikan, we will not be bound by conventional wisdom, frameworks, or stereotypes, but rather we will question them and propose what the future should look like. We have formulated this slogan with the intention of demonstrating this attitude to our students at every level and our faculty and staff with the aim of inspiring to keep tackling new challenges. It is also intended to present an image of Ritsumeikan to the public as an Academy that takes on the challenges of an ideal future and to create a driving force for both research and education.

■ Secondary slogan: You determine the future.

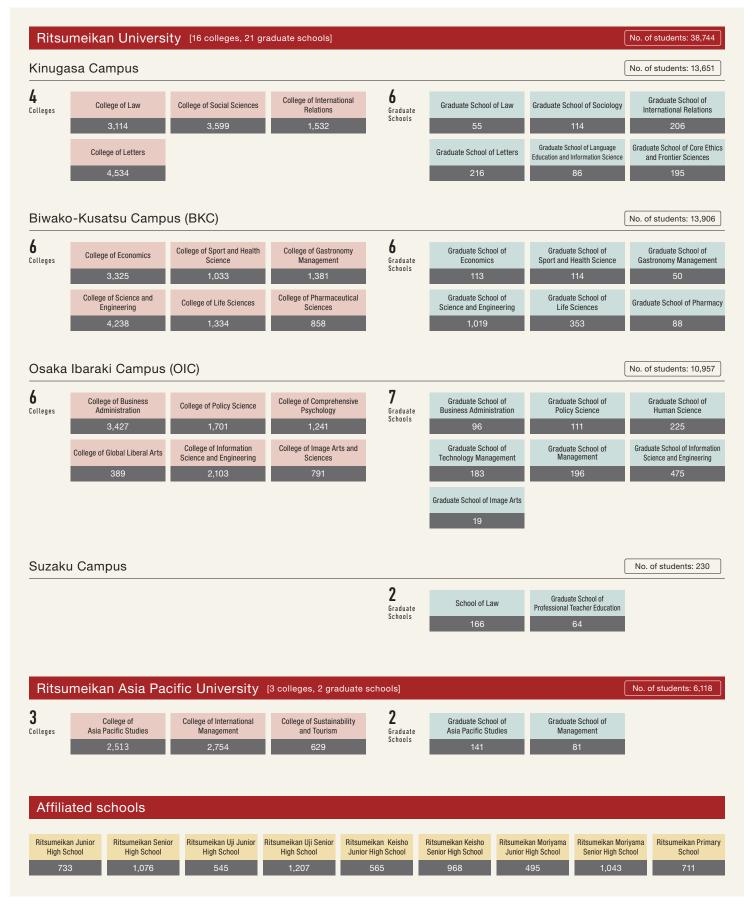
In a world where there are no right answers, it is important that a diverse array of efforts to tackle challenges emerge from the individuality and values of each and every person. Furthermore, the combination of these efforts will create new values that have never been seen before. This secondary slogan is intended to further develop the culture of diversity that Ritsumeikan has fostered to date and to encourage our students at every level and our faculty and staff to tackle the challenges of the future.

About the logo

The non-regular squares used in the cover design symbolize the free flow of ideas needed to break free from past conventions, to overcome the hesitation to be our unique selves, to dare to be different, and to take on challenges without seeking stability. The dot, the smallest unit of any image, expresses the human potential of the digital age. Starting from a single square, you can freely envision infinite possibilities beyond the defined limits. This square logo has no fixed shape and can be transformed into various other shapes. Ritsumeikan's new tagline, "Futurize," expresses our determination to shape a future with our own hands, and the logo is intended to intuitively convey this concept.



Colleges, Graduate Schools, and Affiliated schools



As of May 1, 2024







(as of May 1, 2024)

Ritsumeikan University	
Undergraduate Students	34,600
Graduate Students	4,144
Master's Programs	2,894
Doctoral Programs	619
5-year Doctoral Programs	195
4-year Doctoral Programs	10
Professional Degree Programs	426
International Students (included in total enrollment figures for RU)	2,999
Undergraduate Students	1,760
Graduate Students	1,239

Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University	
Undergraduate Students	5,896
Graduate Students	222
International Students (included in total enrollment figures for APU)	2,868
Undergraduate Students	2,653
Graduate Students	215

Affiliate School Students	
Total:	7,343

 $Total\ Number\ of\ Alumni\ \ Including\ "Jusotsu"^*\quad (as\ of\ March\ 31,\ 2024)$

Total Number of Ritsumeikan University Graduates	
	436,836
Total Number of Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University Graduates	
	23,851
*When students graduate/finish multiple colleges or graduate schools.	

*Excluding thesis doctoral degrees.

Graduate Degrees Conferred in the 2023 Academic Year

Ritsumeikan University	
Doctoral Degrees	129
Master's Degrees	1,198
Juris Doctors	43
Master of Business Administration	60
Master of Professional Teacher Education	31
Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University	
Doctoral Degrees	6
Master's Degrees	91

Books Owned	(as of March 31, 2024
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Ritsumeikan University Libraries	3,484,101
Japanese and Chinese	2,456,009
Western languages	1,028,092
Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University Libraries	244,704
Japanese and Chinese	138,763
Western languages	105,941

^{*}Digital media not included.

Ritsumeikan University	
Faculty Members	1,435
Professors	838
Associate Professors	273
Lecturers with Non-Fixed Term Employment	26
Lecturers with Fixed Term Employment	26
Contract Lecturers	114
Assistant Professors	150
Administrative Assistant	8
Visiting Professors	159

Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University	
Faculty Members	199
Professors	71
Associate Professors	48
Tunured Senior Lecturer	22
Assistant Professors	13
Contract Lecturers	45
Visiting Professors	31

Affiliate Schools	
Faculty Members	602

^{*} Ritsumeikan University faculty serve as the Principal of Ritsumeikan Primary School

Total Administrative Staff in the Ritsumeikan Trust	1,359
Full-Time	712
Contract*	647

^{*} Including specific Ritsumeikan University professional staff and specific APU staff

Facilities and Resources

(as of March 31, 2024)

Areas of School Buildings and Campuses (all Ritsumeikan Academy schools)	
Total Area of School Buildings	893,275.64m ²
Total Area of Campuses	2,321,889.15m ²

Funding from Outside Institutions (as of March 31, 2024)

Ritsumeikan University		(Unit : JPY)
2023 Academic Year	Number	Amount
Public Research Funding		
Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research (MEXT / JSPS) *1	755	1,499,456,586
Other Public Research Funding*2	151	4,864,410,103
Research Funding for Industry-Academia Cooperation	ion	
Contracted Research	199	261,223,941
Joint Research	144	260,985,822
Grants and Subsidies etc.	94	106,132,120
Private Research Founding	111	242,899,891
Revenue from Patents etc*3	28	8,242,150
Other Revenue*4	192	12,603,200
Total	1,674	7,255,953,813

^{1:} Including the Grant-in-Aid for JSPS Fellows and the Fund for the Promotion of Joint International Research (Fostering Joint International Research).

This also includes special exceptions for the extension of the grant period for Grants-in-Aid for Scientific Research due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

2: Includes Project for the Development of Facilities for Industry-University-Government Collaboration and Joint Research through Cooperation among Regional Core and Distinctive Research Universities (MEXT), Project for the Development of Incubation and Industry-Academia Fusion Centers at Core Regional Universities (METI), Support for Pioneering Research Initiated by the Next Generation (JST), Project for Establishing University Fellowships for the Creation of Innovation in Science and Technology (JST), Research Fellowship for Young Scientists (JSPS), Project for Strengthening the Environment for Innovation Creation at Core Regional Universities (Cabinet Office), and other subsidy programs.

3: Royalties, Licensing and Transfer Fees.

4: Revenue from Research Consortium Membership Dues, Rental Fee for SR Center by Non-university Personnel.

(Coun [.]	try/Area	Under graduate	Graduate	Non- Degree Students	Total
Asia	1	China	961	916	58	1,935
	2	South Korea	502	25	43	570
	3	Indonesia	48	37	2	87
	4	Taiwan	35	36	4	75
	5	Vietnam	27	24	0	51
	6	India	16	16	0	32
	7	Malaysia	24	5	0	29
	8	Myanmar	18	3	1	22
	9	Hong Kong	14	7	1	22
	10	Thailand	6	14	1	21
	11	Bangladesh	9	10	0	19
	12	Philippines	3	4	4	11
	13	Cambodia	1	9	1	11
	14	Singapore	6	1	2	9
	15	Mongolia	5	2	0	7
	16	Pakistan	1	6	0	7
	17	Laos	0	7	0	7
	18	Nepal	1	4	0	5
	19	Sri Lanka	1	3	0	4
	20	Bhutan	0	3	0	3
	21	Brunei	0	0	1	1
	Subto	al (Asia)	1,678	1,132	118	2,928
Middle East	22	Turkey	1	5	1	7
	23	Afghanistan	0	3	1	4
	24	Israel	0	2	0	2
	25	Saudi Arabia	1	0	0	1
	26	Bahrain	0	1	0	1
	27	Kuwait	0	1	0	1
	28	Oman	0	1	0	1
	29	Iran	0	1	0	1
Sub	toal (I	Middle East)	2	14	2	18
Africa	30	Maldives	0	5	0	5
	31	Ghana	0	4	0	4
	32	Ethiopia	0	3	0	3
	33	Egypt	0	3	0	3
	34	Nigeria	0	2	0	2
	35	Uganda	0	1	1	2
	36	South Africa	0	1	0	1
	37	Mozambique	0	1	0	1
	38	Burkina Faso	0	1	0	1
	39	Algeria	0	1	0	1
	40	Morocco	0	0	1	1
S	ubtoa	al (Africa)	0	22	2	24
North America &	41	U.S.A	37	15	32	84
Latin America and	42	Canada	4	0	7	11
the Caribbean	43	Mexico	2	2	5	9

	Count	ry/Area	Under graduate	Graduate	Non- Degree Students	Total
	44	Peru	2	0	0	2
	45	Brazil	0	0	2	2
	46	Honduras	0	1	0	1
	47	Belize	0	1	0	1
	48	Colombia	0	1	0	1
	49	Guatemala	0	1	0	1
	50	Cuba	0	1	0	1
Subtoal (North Ame		tin America and the Caribbean)	45	22	46	113
Oceania	51	Australia	17	0	7	24
	52	Solomon Islands	0	1	0	1
		(Oceania)	17	1	7	25
Europe	53	France	2	1	16	19
Lui opo	54	U.K.	3	1	10	14
	55	Germany	1	2	11	14
	56	Spain	1	0	11	12
	57	Kyrgyz	0	12	0	12
	58	Italy	0	3	8	11
	59	Uzbekistan	3	7	0	10
	60	Norway	1	2	6	9
	61	Tajikistan	0	8	0	8
	62	Switzerland	2	0	5	7
	63	Hungary	0	2	4	6
	64	Russian	1	3	0	4
	65	Sweden	0	1	2	3
	66	Denmark	0	0	3	3
	67	Ukraine	2	0	0	2
	68	Lithuania	1	0	1	2
	69	Poland	0	1	1	2
	70	Bulgaria	0	1	1	2
	71	Finland	0	0	2	2 2 2 2 2
	72	Ireland	0	0	2	2
	73	Kazakhstan	1	0	0	1
	74	Romania	0	1	0	1
	75	Belarus	0	1	0	1
	76	Slovenia	0	1	0	1
	77	Albania	0	1	0	1
		Czech	0	0	1	1
		I(Europe)	18	48	84	150
		otal	1,760	1,239	259	3,258
Kinugasa Camp			565	366	194	1,125
Biwako-Kusatsı		sı	409	287	17	713
	Saka Ibaraki Campus		786	583	48	1,417
uzaku Campus			0	3	0	3

Ritsumeikan Asia Pacific University International Students

(as of May 1, 2024)

	Country/Area	Under graduate	Graduate	Non- Degree Students	Total
1	Indonesia	378	17	3	398
2	China	343	21	17	381
3	Myanmar	327	8	0	335
4	South Korea	322	3	3	328
5	Thailand	231	5	2	238
6	Vietnam	207	11	0	218
7	Bangladesh	150	19	0	169
8	Mongolia	83	3	0	86
9	Taiwan	79	0	5	84
10	India	73	9	0	82
11	Sri Lanka	45	9	0	54
12	Nepal	45	2	0	47
13	Malaysia	28	0	4	32
14	Philippines	29	2	0	31
15	Cambodia	17	3	0	20
16	Pakistan	13	5	0	18
17	Singapore	9	0	2	11
18	Laos	2	3	0	5
19	Bhutan	2	0	0	2
20	East-Timor	0	2	0	2
21	Brunei	0	0	1	1
	Subtoal (Asia)	2,383	122	37	2,542
22	Iran	2	3	0	5
23	Jordan	0	2	0	2
24	Israel	1	0	0	1
25	Iraq	1	0	0	1
26	Syrian	1	0	0	1
27	Bahrain	1	0	0	1
28	Afghanistan	0	1	0	1
	Subtoal (Middle East)	6	6	0	12
29	Tanzania	4	10	0	14
30	Kenya	10	2	0	12
31	Nigeria	4	6	0	10
32	Liberia	8	1	0	9
33	South Africa	6	1	0	7
34	Egypt	4	2	1	7
35	Ethiopia	3	3	0	6
36		3	3	0	6
37	Rwanda	5	0	0	5
38	Morocco	4	0	0	4
39	Uganda	2	2	0	4

	Country/Area	Under graduate	Graduate	Non- Degree Students	Total
40	Gambia	2	2	0	4
41	Somalia	2	2	0	4
42	Malawi	1	3	0	4
43	Mozambique	1	3	0	4
44	Zimbabwe	2	1	0	3
45	Tunisia	0	0	3	3
46	Cote d'Ivoire	2	0	0	2
47	Eswatini	0	2	0	2
48	Zambia	1	0	0	1
49	Sierra Leone	1	0	0	1
50	Sudan	1	0	0	1
51	Burkina Faso	1	0	0	1
52	Botswana	1	0	0	1
53	Lesotho	1	0	0	1
54	Cabonese	0	1	0	1
55	Djibouti	0	1	0	1
56	Senegal	0	1	0	1
57	Namibia	0	1	0	1
01	Subtoal (Africa)	69	47	4	120
58	U.S.A	40	5	10	55
59	Canada	6	0	10	16
60	Mexico	7	1	.0	8
61	Brazil	6	0	0	6
62	Colombia	3	0	0	3
	Argentine	0	1	2	3
64	Ecuador	2	0	0	2
65	Bolivia	2	0	0	2
66	Chile	1	1	0	2
67	Peru	1	1	0	2
68	Costa Rica	1	0	0	1
69		1	0	0	1
	Panama	1	0	0	1
71	Paraguay	1	0	0	1
72	Venezuela	1	0	0	1
	oal (North America & South America)	73	9	22	104
73	Samoa	4	2	0	6
74	Fiii	2	3	0	5
75		3	0	0	3
76	Solomon Islands	2	1	0	3
	Papua New Guinea	2	1	_	3
77 78	Australia	2	0	0	3
78	Australia	1 2	0	1	3

	Country/Area	Under graduate	Graduate	Non- Degree Students	Total			
79	Tonga	1	1	0	2			
80	Micronesia	1	0	0	1			
	Subtoal (Oceania)	17	8	1	26			
81	France	26	2	16	44			
82	Uzbekistan	27	3	0	30			
83	Germany	6	1	8	15			
84	U.K.	6	0	5	11			
85	Italy	3	3	3	9			
86	Finland	5	0	1	6			
87	Netherlands	4	1	1	6			
88	Tajikistan	0	6	0	6			
89	Kyrgyz	1	4	0	5			
90	Ukraine	4	0	0	4			
91	Kazakhstan	3	1	0	4			
92	Sweden	3	0	1	4			
93	Denmark	3	0	1	4			
94	Norway	2	0	1	3			
95	Switzerland	0	1	2	3			
96	Austria	2	0	0	2 2 2 2			
97	Czech	2	0	0	2			
98	Latvia	2	0	0	2			
99	Russia	2	0	0	2			
100	Bulgaria	1	0	1	2			
101	Poland	0	0	2	2			
102	Turkmenistan	1	0	0	1			
103	Belarus	1	0	0	1			
	Belgium	1	0	0	1			
105	Romania	0	1	0	1			
106	Azerbaijan	0	0	1	1			
107	Estonia	0	0	1	1			
108	Croatia	0	0	1	1			
109	Lithuania	0	0	1	1			
	Subtoal(Europe)		23	46	174			
Inte	rnational Students	2,653	215	110	2,978			
Dor	nestic Students	3,243	7	24	3,274			
Tota	al	5,896	222	134	6,252			
*1: TI	*1: The term "International Students" denotes those students who							

^{*1:} International students: Students with the status of residence (visa) of College Student.*2: "Non-Degree Students" includes non-degree students and special auditing students.

^{11:} The term "International Students" denotes those students who possess a "student visa".

12: The term "Domestic Students" includes international students with non-iapanese nationality possessing residential status in Japan other then "student visa".

13: "Non-Degree Students" includes non-degree students and special auditing students.